

## CANNON BACKS THE PRESIDENT

Comes to Support of Overman Bill in the House

FORMER SPEAKER  
ATTACKS CREEL

Representative Gillett, Republican, Led Fight Against Bill

Washington, May 15.—Former Speaker Cannon came to the support of the administration yesterday in debate on the Overman bill, giving the president power to reorganize government departments. Representative Gillett of Massachusetts, Republican leader, led the fight against the bill.

Both Democrats and Republicans. Mr. Cannon said, would continue to support the president in the war until victory was won. He departed from his subject to attack George Creel, chairman of the committee on public information, and said that if he had his way he would "take Creel by the seat of the trousers and the back of the neck and throw him into space."

Representative Gillett told the House the bill proposes to abrogate the powers of Congress and give them over to the president. No suggestion has been made by the administration as to what it hopes to accomplish under the bill, he said. Under the bill, the president can transfer the powers of the civil service commission to the postmaster-general or the functions of the controller of the treasury could be given over to the secretary of the treasury, he asserted. "The question is, will Congress give up the powers granted by the constitution and delegate those powers to the president? Will we exercise the functions given to us, or will we give them up? We are here," he said, "not simply to be rubber stamps and give everything that is asked, but we are here to use our judgment in passing on legislation."

## WILL DRAFT MEN NEEDED FOR WAR WORK

General Crowder Submits New Plan to Secretary Baker, Who Approves It

Washington, D. C., May 15.—All men between the ages of 21 and 31 needed for war work will be utilized, under a plan submitted by Provost Marshal-General Crowder to Secretary Baker and received by that official with such enthusiasm that he has promised to lay it before the president. With the president's approval, which is expected, the plan can be put into operation without legislation. This plan is a substitute for that whereby all men between the ages of 18 and 50 would be registered for service, which was flatly rejected by the president, who returned it to the war department with instructions that it should not even be discussed. Several hundred thousand in classes 2 and 4 would be called for war work, although not for actual service as soldiers.

## SUBSTITUTES FOR FAT.

Are Being Sought Now By German Scientists.

Stockholm, May 15.—The great shortage of fats in Germany and the resulting necessity of using more of all edible fats for human consumption have driven the empire's scientific men to extensive experimentation with so-called "mineral wax." The result has been both a more varied use of this product and a greatly improved method of securing it.

Mineral wax is a substance extracted from brown coal with the aid of benzene, benzol or other technical solvents. Benzol is now used exclusively in Germany for this purpose. Old methods have been unable to extract all the wax from the coal treated, but the Kaiser Wilhelm institute for experimentation with coal is now winning nearly the entire quantity in the coal treated.

The main feature of its improved system consists in extracting the wax under a high pressure, as much as six atmospheres, and at a high temperature. A brown coal which had produced only eleven per cent of wax under the old system gives up 25 per cent under the new treatment.

Mineral wax was used in peace times mainly for the fabrication of wax-polish, phonograph records and the insulation of electric cables. Its high percentage of stearic acid—about 60 per cent of its entire content—has been turned to account in the making of consistent fats. It is also being used extensively in the paper industry as sizing, taking the place of colophonium.

Experiments are now being conducted to find a method of refining the wax and giving it a lighter color.

## MAILS BY AIRPLANE.

Senate Goes on Record as Favoring the Experiments.

Washington, May 15.—The Senate went on record yesterday as approving further experiments in carrying mail by airplanes. Efforts of various senators to have excluded from the postoffice appropriation bill, a \$100,000 appropriation, with which to provide airplanes for this purpose were defeated 32 to 24.

Opposition to the provision was led by Senator King of Utah and Governor of New Hampshire, who declared experiments should not be made now when every dollar had been used in war expenditures.

## BARLEY READY TO "PINCH HIT" FOR WHEAT

Millions of Bushels, Formerly Fed to Stock or Malted, Now on the Market as Flour.

Hundreds of millions of bushels of barley are raised yearly in the United States. This supply, heretofore, has been used chiefly for stock feed or for malting, but under present conditions the greater part of the crop is being milled into flour, which, since it is both palatable and nutritious, may well be used to meet the increasing demand for wheat substitutes. This flour is now on the market, and it is a patriotic duty to use it to save the wheat flour.

Give barley flour a trial—you will wonder why it was not used more before the war.

Barley flour does not keep so well as wheat flour, so it is best to buy it in small quantities, even for home consumption.

The recipes which follow have been tested in the experimental kitchen of the office of home economics of the United States department of agriculture:

**Barley Hot Breads.**—Barley flour is very satisfactory for hot breads.

**Barley Quick Biscuits.**—Two cups barley flour, 1/2 teaspoon salt, 2 tablespoons fat, 4 teaspoons baking powder, 2-3 cup milk.

**Barley Drop Biscuits.**—Two cups barley flour, 3/4 teaspoon salt, 2 tablespoons fat, 1 1/2 cups milk, 2 eggs, 3 tablespoons melted fat. Sift the dry ingredients together and add slowly the milk, beaten egg yolk, and melted fat. Fold in stiffly beaten whites. Beat thoroughly and cook in hot, well-greased waffle iron.

**Barley Waffles.**—Two cups barley flour, 1 teaspoon salt, 3 teaspoons baking powder, 1 1/2 cups milk, 2 eggs, 3 tablespoons melted fat. Sift the dry ingredients together and add slowly the milk, beaten egg yolk, and melted fat. Fold in stiffly beaten whites. Beat thoroughly and cook in hot, well-greased waffle iron.

**Barley Muffins.**—Two and one-fourth cups barley flour, 1 cup milk, 2 tablespoons corn syrup, 4 teaspoons baking powder, 1/2 cup wheat flour, 1 tablespoon fat, 1 egg, 1/4 teaspoon salt.

**Barley Spoon Bread.**—One cup flour, 1 cup hot boiled hominy grits, 3 tablespoons fat, 1 teaspoon salt, 2 cups milk, 2 eggs, 3 teaspoons baking powder.

**Barley Yeast Bread.**—If you use your own recipe and replace one-fourth of the wheat flour with barley flour, you will be able to make a very good bread. With the present need of saving flour, it will be desirable for the housekeeper to make less yeast bread than usual, as one cannot use so large a percentage of wheat substitute in making yeast breads as in quick breads.

**Barley Pastry.**—Very good pie crust can be made with all-barley flour or using one-half barley and one-half wheat flour. The first recipe is especially good for a turnover pie.

**Pie Crust 1.**—One cup barley flour, 2-3 tablespoons fat, 1/2 teaspoon salt, cold water.

**Pie Crust 2.**—One-half cup barley flour, 1/2 teaspoon salt, 2-3 tablespoons fat, 1/2 cup white flour, 1/2 teaspoon baking powder, cold water. (Two crusts.)

**Barley Cakes and Cookies.**—It is not necessary to go without cake when such delicious products can be made that use no wheat flour and but little sugar. In these recipes the housekeeper, if she prefers, can use cream of tartar with baking soda in the usual proportion of baking powder.

**Chocolate Cake.**—Two cups of barley flour, 1/4 cup fat, 1/4 teaspoon salt, 2 squares chocolate, 1/2 cup milk, 4 teaspoons baking powder, 2 tablespoons of brown sugar, 1 cup corn syrup, 2 eggs, whites and yolks beaten separately, 1 teaspoon vanilla.

**Sponge Cake.**—One and one-half cups barley flour, 4 eggs, 1 tablespoon lemon juice, 1/2 cup corn syrup, 1/2 teaspoon salt, 2 teaspoons baking powder.

**Fruit Cake.**—Two and one-fourth cups barley flour, 1/4 cup fat, 3 tablespoons molasses, 1/2 cup chopped raisins, 1/4 teaspoon cinnamon, 1/2 cup chopped nuts, 1/2 cup corn syrup, 1/2 teaspoon salt, 1 teaspoon baking powder, 1/4 teaspoon allspice, 1/4 teaspoon cloves, 1/4 cup citron.

**Bake** 1 hour and 10 minutes. Keeps moist and very good.

**Gingerbread.**—One and one-half cups barley flour, 1/2 cup molasses, 1/2 cup of milk, 2 teaspoons baking powder, 1/4 teaspoon soda, 1 teaspoon ginger, 1 teaspoon cinnamon, 1/4 teaspoon salt, 2 tablespoons fat. Bake about 30 minutes in moderate oven. Good texture and flavor.

**Hermits.**—Two cups barley flour, 2 tablespoons fat, 1 egg, 1/2 teaspoon ginger, 1/4 cup chopped raisins, 1 teaspoon baking powder, 1/2 cup corn syrup, 1/4 teaspoon salt, 1/2 teaspoon cinnamon, 1/4 cup nuts, 1 tablespoon milk.

**Honey,** maple sugar, or maple, beet, apple, or sorghum syrup, which can be made at home, can be used in the same way as corn syrup in the above recipes to save sugar.

## TO REFOREST PALESTINE.

That Will Be One of the First Recommendations of Civilian Commission.

London, May 15.—(Correspondence of Associated Press).—Two principal recommendations which the civilian commission now in Palestine will make as a beginning for the reconstruction of that country will be a scheme for beginning an afforestation, and a proposal for the conservation of water supply by storage and by opening up old springs.

A preliminary statement from a member of the committee says: "The great need of all Palestine's needs is afforestation. For centuries the land has been denuded of its trees, with most disastrous consequences. For the heavy rains at certain seasons, instead of benefiting the soil, over more than four-fifths of the area carry away in rushing torrents much of the little soil that remains on the high lands and valley slopes."

"Palestine has not always been treeless. The Roman emperors had valuable forests in the country, and Abolom, riding, was caught by the hair among the trees, but to-day one might gallop from Dan to Beersheba without having to duck one's head to avoid a branch."

"Trees of rapid growth will be planted, and for the more cultivable districts fruit-bearing trees will be utilized."

"The storage of water in lakes and reservoirs is comparatively simple in Palestine. By erecting small dams across certain wadis, a series of small reservoirs can be constructed at little expense, creating a supply that will last throughout the dry season. In southern Palestine hundreds of natural springs can be opened up which under centuries of misrule have been allowed to choke up and fall into disuse."

"Palestine to-day possesses an advantage it never had before in a first-class railway connection with Egypt. All the surplus crops will find a ready market in the growing Egyptian cities."

## If your skin itches and burns, just use Resinol



If you are suffering from eczema, ringworm or similar itching, burning, unsightly skin affection, bathe the sore places with Resinol Soap and hot water, then gently apply a little Resinol Ointment. You will probably be astonished how instantly the itching stops and healing begins. In most cases the sick skin quickly becomes clear and healthy again, at very little cost.

Resinol Ointment and Resinol Soap also clear away pimples, redness, roughness and dandruff. Sold by all druggists.

## GERMANY GIVEN A FIRMER GRIP

On Austria-Hungary as Result of Meeting of Emperor Charles and Emperor William.

London, May 15.—The meeting of Emperor Charles and Emperor William at German great headquarters has aroused keen speculation which the official account of the conference has done little to satisfy. There is an inclination, however, to take it for granted that the meeting resulted in giving Germany a firmer grip on Austria-Hungary and the dual monarchy's internal and external policies; in fact, that from now on Austria-Hungary will be little more than a German colony.

Emperor Charles is pictured as doing penance for his peace letters to France and as promising not to offend again. Emperor William and his military advisers are seen as having accepted this promise at its face value, but as taking in the way of security for its fulfillment more active control of Austrian affairs, to save them from anarchy, in the interest of the ruling German minority. The fact that Germany has taken control of the Bohemian food supplies indicates the Austrian government is not adverse to German interference in its internal affairs.

It is evident that hereafter the foreign policy of the central powers will be controlled more than ever by Berlin. While Austria may be used to launch peace offensives, they doubtless will be dictated by Germany.

The question of Poland is believed to have been reconsidered. By the adoption of a new solution a good portion of that country, including the industrial district Danubio, will be linked with Prussia.

Another matter which is understood to have been discussed is Austria's more active participation in the war, or rather, in the offensives. German newspapers have long been complaining of the failure of Austria to attack Italy, desiring such a move in the hope of diverting some of the French and British troops which are offering such a strong defense in France. They even suggest that the Hungarians should be able to handle the Italians and that the Austrians should be sent to France to offset American reinforcements.

## VISITED U. S. AIRMEN.

King George Went to Their Aerodrome Near Lincoln, England.

Lincoln, England, May 15.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press).—King George's first inspection of American airmen in training was made at a British aerodrome near here, where a squadron of American aviators is working with British pilots. One of the young British officers at this camp is Prince Albert, and the king and Queen Mary had run down from London to see how their airman son was getting on.

During the inspection on the parade ground, the king spoke with several of the American officers. The aerodrome is a finishing school for pilots of both air-planes and balloons. Pilots go there after passing through their preliminary course and are taught to loop, roll and dive and to become expert in the many other varieties of aerobatics which are the mark of the expert flying man.

Later they complete their education with courses on meteorology and the theory of flight, and finally pass on to a gunnery school and qualify for the rank of lieutenant. In summer, if the weather is favorable, the recruits can go through the full program in about ten weeks.

The king and queen, in the course of about an hour, saw machines and buildings and apparatus none of which was dreamed of three years ago. Special attention was given to a giant Handley-Page machine which rested on a tarmac at the edge of the aerodrome.

The king, after donning a linen duster, climbed into the pilot's seat and the mechanism was explained to him by British and American officers.

## OVERWORKED, TIRED WOMAN TOOK VINOL

Now She Is Strong and Hearty

Philadelphia, Pa.—"I was overworked, run down, nervous, could not eat or sleep. I felt like crying all the time. I tried different remedies without benefit. The doctor said it was a woman's trouble. I was alive, and when Vinol was given me I began to improve. I have taken eight bottles and am now strong and perfectly healthy in every respect, and have gained in weight. I cannot praise Vinol enough."

—Mrs. Sarah A. Jones, 1025 Nevada street, Philadelphia, Pa.

We guarantee Vinol to make overworked, weak women strong or return your money. Formula on every bottle. This is your protection.

Red Cross Pharmacy, Floyd G. Russell, Prop., and at the best drug store in every town and city in the country.—Adv.

## NINTH PRIZE SINCE FEB. 19

Sergeant Frank L. Baylies of New Bedford, Mass., Wins Air Fight

HE IS MEMBER  
OF FRENCH FORCE

Sergeant Baylies Is Rapidly Coming to the Front as Star Air Fighter

Paris, May 15.—Sergeant Frank L. Baylies of New Bedford, Mass., a member of the French flying force, has brought down another German airplane. His score is now nine enemy machines since Feb. 19.

A dispatch from Paris Tuesday announced that Baylies had brought down his eighth machine. He is a member of the "Stork" escadrille.

## CORINTH

Lightning Struck and Killed Three Horses Belonging to C. Simons.

The hard thunder and wind storm of Friday afternoon did quite a lot of damage, the lightning striking and killing three of C. Simons' horses and injuring Mr. Simons. It is hoped he will soon recover. The wind also blew down many trees.

Willie Wilson and family were in Bradford Sunday.

Merle Hood got hurt quite badly while riding his bicycle Friday afternoon. The last report was he was getting along as well as could be expected.

Mr. Malard will conduct a service at the hall every Thursday evening and also next Sunday night, instead of the week after, as he will be in this part of the town.

## NORTH CALAIS

J. W. Butterfield of Calais was in town last Thursday.

Mrs. Irene Goodell of Marshfield is spending a few weeks with her daughter, Mrs. Sidney Nelson.

Mrs. Frank Hill was in Montpelier last week to help care for Mr. Hill's mother, Edwin C. Hill of Woodbury is at H. H. Holmes for a few days' stay.

Gertrude Bailey visited her sister, Mrs. Walter Eastman, in East Calais, recently.

Frank Hill was called to Montpelier to attend the funeral of his mother last Sunday.

W. E. Ainsworth was in Montpelier a few days last week.

L. Wallace Leonard went to Springfield, Mass., last week, where he has employment.

Mrs. Alice Daniels of Woodbury was a recent guest at the home of her sister, Mrs. Leroy Fiffeld.

Mrs. Laura Cameron returned home last Saturday, after spending a few weeks at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Harvey Benjamin at Woodbury Center.

Miss Myrtle Thurston spent the week end with her sister, Mrs. Arthur Benjamin, in South Woodbury.

Mrs. Hattie Scribner and nephew, Master Clyde Bailey, were in Montpelier last Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. A. P. Slayton of East Calais visited her sister, Mrs. S. F. Dailley, Sunday.

E. W. Cate went to Burlington last Saturday to accompany Mrs. Cate home from the Mary Fletcher hospital, where she had been for several weeks for an operation and treatment. Her many friends hope for a speedy recovery.

Wayne Scribner was in Montpelier last Saturday on business.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Smith returned recently from Hardwick, where they spent the winter.

## GERMANY WANTS MOSCOW.

And Large Financial Concessions from the Russians.

Washington, May 15.—Details of the latest German demands on Russia, received at the state department yesterday from Swedish sources, show that Russia has been asked to make financial concessions to give up Moscow and other large cities to the Germans, to cease arming troops and to dissolve all recently formed military units.

## REJECTS EQUAL SUFFRAGE.

Prussian Lower House Refuses to Restore It to Franchise Bill.

Amsterdam, May 15.—The Prussian lower house has rejected a motion to restore the provision for equal suffrage in the Prussian franchise reform bill.

Coal Laden Ship Floated.

An Atlantic Port, May 15.—The steamer Lexington, coal laden for a New England port, which ran ashore on an island yesterday, floated without assistance on a rising tide later, and proceeded on her way undamaged.

How Weather Affects Hotel Business.

L. M. Boomer, one of the big hotel men of the country, says in the May American Magazine:

"One day a friend in my office spoke of how beautiful the day was outside. Yet a few moments later, when my secretary put a piece of paper on my desk, I looked at it, picked up the telephone, and canceled a large order of perishable goods which were due for delivery the next day."

"Hearing me do this, my friend said, curiously: 'Why did you do that? Find you had enough on hand?'"

"No," I answered, "but it is going to rain to-morrow." And I handed him the weather report from Washington, which we receive every day. "Rain or snow hits the business of selling food in certain places," I said to him, "although snow has not such a bad effect as rain. My experience has taught me that men and women do not come to hotels to eat when the weather is bad. The men go to the nearest place and the women stay at home."

"A man looks out of the window, sees the driving rain, and either sends out for a sandwich or dives into the nearest good restaurant, making business for the restaurant."

## WOMAN WORKS 15 HOURS A DAY

Marvelous Story of Woman's Change from Weakness to Strength by Taking Druggist's Advice.

Peru, Ind.—"I suffered from a displacement with backache and dragging down pains so badly that at times I could not be on my feet and it did not seem as though I could stand it. I tried different medicines without any benefit and several doctors told me nothing but an operation would do me any good. My druggist told me of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I took it with the result that I am now well and strong. I get up in the morning at four o'clock, do my housework, then go to factory and work all day, come home and get supper and feel good. I don't know how many of my friends I have told Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done for me."—Mrs. ANNA METERIANO, 36 West 10th St., Peru, Ind.

Women who suffer from any such ailments should not fail to try this famous root and herb remedy, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Much interest is displayed in allied capitals as to the meeting between the German and Austrian emperors and their diplomatic and military assistants, and especially in the truth behind the apparently purposely vague official statement on its results. That a more firm alliance between the two countries has been cemented is certain and it is believed Austria-Hungary has been forced to make up for her delinquencies as an ally of Germany by getting deeper into the power of the stronger nation. Developments in the near future, it is felt, probably will show whether Emperor Charles has been compelled to renew the offensive against Italy or to send large numbers of his troops to aid the exhausted Germans on the western front.

The Amazing Exodus of American Girls.

Margaret Deland, on her way to France as correspondent of the Women's Home Companion, writes in the May number of the American women going abroad for war work:

"Of all the amazing things that have come bubbling and seething to the surface of life during these last three and a half years, there has been nothing more amazing to me than this exodus of American girls! Has such a thing ever happened in the world before? A passionate desire on the part of the women of one people to go to the help of the men of another people? Would any other nation, I wonder, if we were at war, send its girls across the ocean to serve us?"

"Of course, the divine and terrifying ferment, the yeast, which is stirring our girls and driving them into the high adventure of altruism, is stirring all women everywhere; but I am inclined to think that this special expression of it, which has started a little army of girls over to France, could not have happened anywhere but in the United States, where fathers and mothers have so very little to say as to the behavior of their daughters. They may stand on the dock and squeeze the wet ball of a handkerchief against quivering lips, and they may run half way down the gangplank and let the raw December wind rumple the hair around their thin temples—but they cannot hold their girls back from the gray sea, where heaven only knows what may meet them!"

"But through the parental bewilderment which is one of the hallmarks of the twentieth century, there is one thing of which we must all be sure, namely, that these young creatures are moved by a true and honest impulse of service. Granted that the accusation of the elderly Stay-at-Homes—where there is plenty of food and comfort and where they are safe—is true, and that they go over to France for the love of adventure, and because of the lure of the uniform, or the desire to stand up beside the boys and say, 'Here! Look at me, I'm just as good a soldier in my way as you are in yours!' ('When the war is over,' said one of them, 'the men will be ashamed not to give us the ballot!') Grant all these things, yet the deepest thing, and the truest thing, is the impulse to serve. And it will be just as well for some of us critical folk to remember who it was who said some two thousand years ago: 'I am among you as one that serveth.'"

POTATOES THE GOOD OLD WAY

Bake Them. Wash uniform-sized potatoes. Bake them in a hot oven until soft—about 45 minutes. Break the skins slightly to let the steam escape. Serve at once.

When the Family Is Late. To keep potatoes flaky, when they have to stand, pierce them full of holes with a fork or crush them a little in a towel and pierce a small hole in the end of each. Put them where they will keep warm.

Nothing is better than hot baked potatoes. Cook some to-day. Write the United States department of agriculture for new potato recipes.

Practical Patriotism

The New Perfection Oil Cook Stove makes patriotism a practical thing—for it more than repays you in satisfactory service for the coal you give to America's needs.

Cook with SO-CO-NY Kerosene—the cleanest, most economical fuel. But use a New Perfection Stove, for only in its long blue chimney can you get full, clean, smokeless cooking heat—without a drop of fuel wasted.

In 3,000,000 homes the New Perfection is showing the way to cool, clean kitchens and freedom from ash-pan, coal-hod drudgery.

Made in 1, 2, 3, and 4-burner sizes, with or without cabinet top. Also 4-burner stove with cabinet and heat-retaining oven complete.

Avoid delay. Order your New Perfection now.

STANDARD OIL CO. OF NEW YORK

NEW PERFECTION OIL COOK STOVES

Ask your dealer about the New Perfection Kerosene Water Heaters and the regular New Perfection ovens.

WE SELL SO-CO-NY KEROSENE OIL STANDARD OIL COMPANY

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## PICK TEUTON MONARCHS

To Reign Over Lithuania, Courland, Esthonia and Poland

AUSTRIAN EMPEROR  
CONFERS WITH KAISER

Names of the New Rulers Have Not Been Disclosed

London, May 15.—The Austrian and German emperors at their meeting at German great headquarters, German newspapers say, according to an Exchange Telegraph dispatch from Copenhagen, selected monarchs for Lithuania, Courland, Esthonia, and Poland.

Much interest is displayed in allied capitals as to the meeting between the German and Austrian emperors and their diplomatic and military assistants, and especially in the truth behind the apparently purposely vague official statement on its results. That a more firm alliance between the two countries has been cemented is certain and it is believed Austria-Hungary has been forced to make up for her delinquencies as an ally of Germany by getting deeper into the power of the stronger nation. Developments in the near future, it is felt, probably will show whether Emperor Charles has been compelled to renew the offensive against Italy or to send large numbers of his troops to aid the exhausted Germans on the western front.

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